REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE MCCRACKEN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS www.auditor.ky.gov

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE MCCRACKEN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2008

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the audit of the McCracken County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. We have issued an unqualified opinion on the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of McCracken County, Kentucky.

Financial Condition:

The fiscal court had total net assets of \$46,680,468 as of June 30, 2008. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$8,945,711 as of June 30, 2008 and total debt principal of \$11,375,000 with \$605,000 due within the next year.

Report Comments:

2008-01	Internal Controls Over Expenditures Should Be Strengthened
2008-02	Expenditures Should Be Made In Accordance With The County's Procurement Policy
2008-03	McCracken County Fiscal Court Should Strengthen Internal Controls Over The Financial
	Reporting Of Capital Assets And Infrastructure
2008-04	The McCracken County Detention Center Had A Lack Of Segregation Of Duties Over Jail
	Commissary Accounting Functions
2008-05	Internal Controls Over Jail Receipts Should Be Strengthened
2008-06	Expense Allowances Are Prohibited By Statute
	·

Deposits:

As of June 30, 2008, the fiscal court's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

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CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM



To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Van Newberry, McCracken County Judge/Executive
Members of the McCracken County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of McCracken County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the McCracken County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, McCracken County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of McCracken County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting.

As discussed in Notes 1 and 10 to the financial statements, McCracken County changed its basis of accounting in 2008 from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) to the modified cash basis of accounting. Under GAAP, at the government-wide level, all assets and liabilities are recognized and all revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Under GAAP, at the fund level, revenues are recognized when measureable and available and liabilities are recognized when expected to be paid within a certain period of time after year end. Under the modified cash basis, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, except for depreciation expense. Revenues are recognized when received and expenditures are recognized when paid. The change in accounting principle is reflected in beginning balances.







To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Van Newberry, McCracken County Judge/Executive
Members of the McCracken County Fiscal Court

The county has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise McCracken County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining fund financial statements are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated June 2, 2009, on our consideration of McCracken County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the comments and recommendations, included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

2008-01 Internal Controls Over Expenditures Should Be Strengthened

2008-02 Expenditures Should Be Made In Accordance With The County's Procurement Policy

2008-03 McCracken County Fiscal Court Should Strengthen Internal Controls Over The Financial Reporting Of Capital Assets And Infrastructure

2008-04 The McCracken County Detention Center Had A Lack Of Segregation Of Duties Over Jail Commissary Accounting Functions

2008-05 Internal Controls Over Jail Receipts Should Be Strengthened

2008-06 Expense Allowances Are Prohibited By Statute

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accountants

MCCRACKEN COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

Fiscal Court Members:

Van Newberry County Judge/Executive

Jerry Beyer Commissioner
Ronnie Freeman Commissioner
Zana Renfro Commissioner

Other Elected Officials:

Dan Boaz County Attorney

Bill Adams Jailer

Jeff Jerrell County Clerk

Glenda Ransom Circuit Court Clerk

Jon Hayden Sheriff

Nancy Bock Property Valuation Administrator

Dan Simms Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

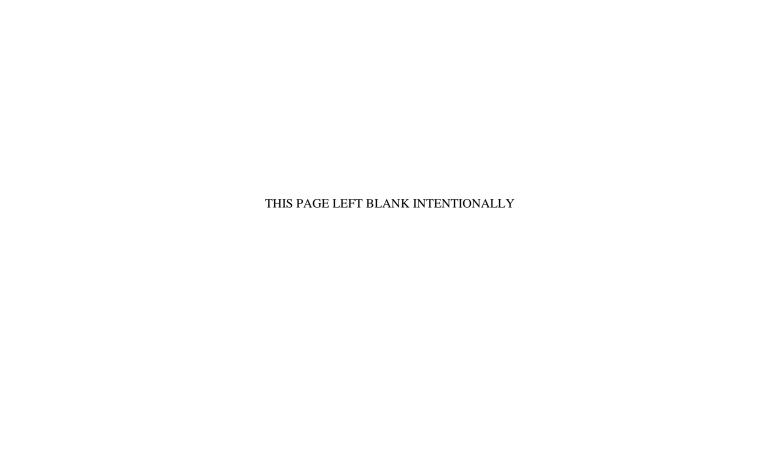
Doug Harnice Deputy Judge/Executive

Angie Brown County Treasurer

Cynthia Spears Finance Officer

Perry Mason Road Supervisor

Larenda Ferrell Jail Administrative Assistant



MCCRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

MCCRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Prima	ry Government
		vernmental
		Activities
ASSETS		_
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	8,224,348
Total Current Assets		8,224,348
Noncurrent Assets:		
Notes Receivable		920,000
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated		
Depreciation		
Land and Land Improvements		1,137,482
Buildings		15,729,043
Vehicles and Equipment		2,342,029
Infrastructure		29,702,566
Total Noncurrent Assets		49,831,120
Total Assets		58,055,468
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:		
Financing Obligations		55,000
Notes Payable		230,000
Bonds Payable		320,000
Total Current Liabilities		605,000
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Financing Obligations		245,000
Notes Payable		5,740,000
Bonds Payable		4,785,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		10,770,000
Total Liabilities		11,375,000
NET ASSETS Invested in Capital Assets,		
Net of Related Debt		37,536,120
Restricted For:		
Debt Service		198,637
Unrestricted		8,945,711
Total Net Assets	\$	46,680,468



MCCRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

MCCRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Progr	cam Revenues Received			
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity Ex		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
Primary Government:						
Governmental Activities:						
General Government	\$ 10,033,716	\$ 686,121	\$ 1,986,815			
Protection to Persons and Property	5,882,125	1,956,057	582,988	245,457		
General Health and Sanitation	258,951		89,174	279		
Social Services	1,248,112		756,772			
Recreation and Culture	1,642,691	25,093				
Roads	4,085,561		1,453,072			
Bus Services	62,000					
Debt Service	312,984					
Capital Projects	139,672					
Total Governmental Activities	23,665,812	2,667,271	4,868,821	245,736		
Total Primary Government	\$ 23,665,812	\$ 2,667,271	\$ 4,868,821	\$ 245,736		

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Real Property Taxes

Motor Vehicle Taxes

Bank Franchise Taxes

Transient Room Taxes

Occupational Tax

Other Taxes

In Lieu of Tax Payments

Excess Fees

Miscellaneous Revenues

Accrued Interest Received

Note Payment Made By Third Party

Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets

Transfer In

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning (Restated)

Net Assets - Ending

MCCRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2008 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues

Net (Expenses) Revenues						
	nges in Net Assets					
Prima	ry Government					
Go	Governmental					
	Activities					
	Activities					
\$	(7,360,780)					
	(3,097,623)					
	(169,498)					
	(491,340)					
	(1,617,598)					
	(2,632,489)					
	(62,000)					
	(312,984)					
	(139,672)					
	(15,883,984)					
	(15,883,984)					
	3,017,628					
	473,484					
	224,205					
	1,557,615					
	6,712,386					
	427,339					
	1,020,991					
	397,371					
	969,052					
	268,786					
	43,779					
	32,391					
	137,055					
	15,282,082					
	(601,902)					
	47,282,370					

46,680,468



MCCRACKEN COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

MCCRACKEN COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	57		Jai Fur		Sheriff Fund	
ASSETS						Tunu
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,809,770	\$	\$		\$	
Total Assets	7,809,770					
FUND BALANCES						
Reserved for:						
Encumbrances						
Unreserved:						
General Fund	7,809,770					
Special Revenue Funds						
Debt Service Fund						
Total Fund Balances	\$ 7,809,770	\$	0 \$	0	\$	0
Total Fund Balances					\$	8,224,348
Total Fund Balances					\$	8,224,348
Notes Receivable						920,000
Amounts Reported For Governme		n The Statem	ent			
Of Net Assets Are Different Bec		A N T.				
Capital Assets Used in Government			ancial			107.160.440
Resources And Therefore Are	Not Reported ii	n the Funds.				125,162,449
Accumulated Depreciation	1D 11 7D	C + D	. 1 4 1			(76,251,329)
Long-term Debt Is Not Due And	-	Current Per	iod And,			
Therefore, Is Not Reportied In	The Funds.					(200,000)
Financing Obligations						(300,000)
Notes Payable						(5,970,000)
Bonded Debt				-		(5,105,000)
Net Assets Of Governmental Acti	vities			=	\$	46,680,468

MCCRACKEN COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2008 (Continued)

Debt Service Fund	 Non- Major Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
\$ 41 41	\$ 414,537 414,537	\$	8,224,348 8,224,348	
	14,635		14,635	
	201.201		7,809,770	
	201,306		201,306	
41	 198,596		198,637	
\$ 41	\$ 414,537	\$	8,224,348	



MCCRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

MCCRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	General Fund	Road Fund	Jail Fund
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 10,855,044	\$	\$
In Lieu Tax Payments	1,020,991	•	•
Excess Fees	397,371		
Licenses and Permits	397,118		
Intergovernmental	1,180,949	1,453,072	2,157,622
Charges for Services	25,093		243,350
Miscellaneous	699,959	8,400	337,255
Interest	266,832		
Total Revenues	14,843,357	1,461,472	2,738,227
EXPENDITURES			
General Government	3,460,917		
Protection to Persons and Property	820,342		4,496,687
General Health and Sanitation	248,071		
Social Services	126,075		
Recreation and Culture	174,142		
Roads		2,008,619	
Bus Services	62,000		
Debt Service	388,486	177,595	375,471
Capital Projects			
Administration	2,141,517	369,720	1,385,475
Total Expenditures	7,421,550	2,555,934	6,257,633
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over			
Expenditures Before Other			
Financing Sources (Uses)	7,421,807	(1,094,462)	(3,519,406)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers Out	(6,364,251)		
Transfers In	162,489	913,915	3,516,967
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(6,201,762)	913,915	3,516,967
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,220,045	(180,547)	(2,439)
Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated)	6,589,725	180,547	2,439
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 7,809,770	\$ 0	\$ 0

MCCRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2008 (Continued)

\$ \$ \$ 1,557,615 \$ 12,412,659 1,020,991 397,371 397,118 1,542,643 492,978 6,827,264 268,443 268,784 269,978 609 1,343 268,784 1,549,021 242,945 2,095,156 22,930,178 1,965,660 5,426,577 1,130,666 1,256,741 1,549,780 1,723,922 2,008,619 62,000 513,481 1,455,033 139,672 139,672 1,046,197 4,942,909 3,011,857 513,481 2,980,002 22,740,457 1,462,806 270,476 200,087 6,526,740 1,462,806 270,476 200,087 6,526,740 1,462,806 270,476 200,087 6,526,740 1,462,806 270,476 200,087 6,526,740 1,462,806 270,476 174,653 137,055 (30) (60) (710,193) 326,776 30 101 1,124,730 7,897,572 \$ 0 \$ 41 \$ 414,537 \$ 8,224,348	Sheriff Fund	Debt Service Fund	Non- Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
1,542,643 492,978 6,827,264 268,443 6,378 242,336 43,220 1,337,548 609 1,343 268,784 1,549,021 242,945 2,095,156 22,930,178 1,965,660 5,426,577 1,549,780 1,723,922 2,008,619 62,000 513,481 1,455,033 139,672 139,672 1,046,197 4,942,909 3,011,857 513,481 2,980,002 22,740,457 (1,462,836) (270,536) (884,846) 189,721 (1,462,806 270,476 200,087 6,526,740 1,462,806 270,476 174,653 137,055 (30) (60) (710,193) 326,776 30 101 1,124,730 7,897,572	\$	\$	\$ 1,557,615	
1,542,643 492,978 6,827,264 268,443 268,443 1,337,548 609 1,343 268,784 1,549,021 242,945 2,095,156 22,930,178 1,965,660 5,426,577 159,884 5,476,913 248,071 1,130,666 1,256,741 1,549,780 1,723,922 2,008,619 62,000 513,481 1,455,033 139,672 139,672 1,046,197 4,942,909 3,011,857 513,481 2,980,002 22,740,457 (1,462,836) (270,536) (884,846) 189,721 (1,462,806 270,476 200,087 6,526,740 1,462,806 270,476 174,653 137,055 (30) (60) (710,193) 326,776 30 101 1,124,730 7,897,572				
6,378 242,336 43,220 1,337,548 609 1,343 268,784 1,549,021 242,945 2,095,156 22,930,178 1,965,660 5,426,577 159,884 5,476,913 248,071 1,130,666 1,256,741 1,549,780 1,723,922 2,008,619 62,000 62,000 513,481 1,455,033 139,672 139,672 139,672 1,046,197 3,011,857 513,481 2,980,002 22,740,457 (1,462,836) (270,536) (884,846) 189,721 (1,462,806 270,476 200,087 6,526,740 1,462,806 270,476 174,653 137,055 (30) (60) (710,193) 326,776 30 101 1,124,730 7,897,572			402.050	
6,378 242,336 43,220 1,337,548 609 1,343 268,784 1,549,021 242,945 2,095,156 22,930,178 1,965,660 5,426,577 159,884 5,476,913 248,071 1,130,666 1,256,741 1,549,780 1,723,922 2,008,619 62,000 62,000 62,000 1,455,033 139,672 139,672 139,672 1,046,197 4,942,909 3,011,857 513,481 2,980,002 22,740,457 (1,462,836) (270,536) (884,846) 189,721 (1,462,806 270,476 200,087 6,526,740 1,462,806 270,476 174,653 137,055 (30) (60) (710,193) 326,776 30 101 1,124,730 7,897,572	1,542,643		492,978	
609 1,343 268,784 1,549,021 242,945 2,095,156 22,930,178 1,965,660 5,426,577 159,884 5,476,913 248,071 1,130,666 1,256,741 1,549,780 1,723,922 2,008,619 62,000 62,000 513,481 1,455,033 139,672 139,672 139,672 1,046,197 4,942,909 22,740,457 (1,462,836) (270,536) (884,846) 189,721 (1,462,836) (270,476 200,087 6,526,740 1,462,806 270,476 174,653 137,055 (30) (60) (710,193) 326,776 30 101 1,124,730 7,897,572	6.270	242.226	12.220	
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159,884 5,476,913 248,071 1,130,666 1,256,741 1,549,780 1,723,922 2,008,619 62,000 62,000 1,455,033 139,672 139,672 139,672 1,046,197 4,942,909 3,011,857 513,481 2,980,002 22,740,457 (1,462,836) (270,536) (884,846) 189,721 (25,434) (6,389,685) 1,462,806 270,476 200,087 6,526,740 1,462,806 270,476 174,653 137,055 (30) (60) (710,193) 326,776 30 101 1,124,730 7,897,572	1,549,021	242,945	2,095,156	22,930,178
159,884 5,476,913 248,071 1,130,666 1,256,741 1,549,780 1,723,922 2,008,619 62,000 62,000 1,455,033 139,672 139,672 139,672 1,046,197 4,942,909 3,011,857 513,481 2,980,002 22,740,457 (1,462,836) (270,536) (884,846) 189,721 (25,434) (6,389,685) 1,462,806 270,476 200,087 6,526,740 1,462,806 270,476 174,653 137,055 (30) (60) (710,193) 326,776 30 101 1,124,730 7,897,572				
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1,549,780 1,723,922 2,008,619 62,000 513,481 1,455,033 139,672 139,672 1,046,197 4,942,909 3,011,857 513,481 2,980,002 22,740,457 (1,462,836) (270,536) (884,846) 189,721 (25,434) (6,389,685) 1,462,806 270,476 200,087 6,526,740 1,462,806 270,476 174,653 137,055 (30) (60) (710,193) 326,776 30 101 1,124,730 7,897,572			1.130.666	
2,008,619 62,000 513,481 1,455,033 139,672 139,672 1,046,197 4,942,909 3,011,857 513,481 2,980,002 22,740,457 (1,462,836) (270,536) (884,846) 189,721 (25,434) (6,389,685) 1,462,806 270,476 200,087 6,526,740 1,462,806 270,476 174,653 137,055 (30) (60) (710,193) 326,776 30 101 1,124,730 7,897,572				
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3,011,857 513,481 2,980,002 22,740,457 (1,462,836) (270,536) (884,846) 189,721 (25,434) (6,389,685) 1,462,806 270,476 200,087 6,526,740 1,462,806 270,476 174,653 137,055 (30) (60) (710,193) 326,776 30 101 1,124,730 7,897,572			139,672	139,672
(1,462,836) (270,536) (884,846) 189,721 (25,434) (6,389,685) 1,462,806 270,476 200,087 6,526,740 1,462,806 270,476 174,653 137,055 (30) (60) (710,193) 326,776 30 101 1,124,730 7,897,572	1,046,197			4,942,909
(25,434) (6,389,685) 1,462,806 270,476 200,087 6,526,740 1,462,806 270,476 174,653 137,055 (30) (60) (710,193) 326,776 30 101 1,124,730 7,897,572	3,011,857	513,481	2,980,002	22,740,457
(25,434) (6,389,685) 1,462,806 270,476 200,087 6,526,740 1,462,806 270,476 174,653 137,055 (30) (60) (710,193) 326,776 30 101 1,124,730 7,897,572				
1,462,806 270,476 200,087 6,526,740 1,462,806 270,476 174,653 137,055 (30) (60) (710,193) 326,776 30 101 1,124,730 7,897,572	(1,462,836)	(270,536)	(884,846)	189,721
1,462,806 270,476 200,087 6,526,740 1,462,806 270,476 174,653 137,055 (30) (60) (710,193) 326,776 30 101 1,124,730 7,897,572			(25.434)	(6 380 685)
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(30) (60) (710,193) 326,776 30 101 1,124,730 7,897,572				
30 101 1,124,730 7,897,572	1,402,000	270,770	177,033	137,033
30 101 1,124,730 7,897,572	(30)	(60)	(710,193)	326,776



MCCRACKEN COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

MCCRACKEN COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds \$		
Governmental Funds Report Capital Outlays as Expenditures. However, in the		
Statement of Activities, the Cost of Those Assets Are Allocated Over Their		
Estimated Useful Lives and Reported as Depreciation Expense.		
Capital Outlay		351,212
Depreciation Expense		(3,120,284)
Book Value of Disposed Assets		(434)
Payments received on notes receivable provide a current financial resourse to		
Governmental Funds while reducing the receivable at the government-wide level.		
Therefore, the activity has been eliminated on the Statement of Activities.		(46,667)
The Issuance of long-term receivables (Promissory Notes) reduces current		
financial resources of Governmental Funds. These transactions, however,		
have no effect on net assets		600,000
The forgiveness of long-term receivables (Promissory Note) has no effect		
on the current financial resources of Governmental Funds, however, it		
does decrease net assets.		(33,333)
Lease and Bond Principal Payments Are Expensed in the Governmental Funds		
as a use of Current Financial Resources.		
Financing Obligations Principal Amount		788,328
Notes Payable Principal Amount		222,500
Bond Payments		310,000
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	(601,902)



MCCRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY FUND NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

MCCRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY FUND NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Agency Funds					
	Jail Car U			Une	nclaimed	
	Inmate Fund		Rental Tax Fund		Monies Fund	
		Tunu		unu		runu
Assets						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	11,538	\$	5,043	\$	3,377
Total Assets		11,538		5,043		3,377
Liabilities						
Amounts Held In Custody For Others		11,538		5,043		3,377
Total Liabilities		11,538		5,043		3,377
Net Assets						
Total Net Assets	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

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MCCRACKEN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The county presents its government-wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of McCracken County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes no organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government.

Blended Component Units

The following legally separate organization provides its services exclusively to the primary government, and the fiscal court is able to impose its will on this organization. This organization's balances and transactions are reported as though they are part of the county's primary government using the blending method.

MCCRACKEN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008 (Continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units (Continued)

McCracken County Public Properties Corporation

The Board of Directors of the McCracken County Public Properties Corporation is the McCracken County Fiscal Court. The Corporation was created solely for the benefit of the Fiscal Court per KRS 58.180 to act as an agent in the acquisition and financing of any public project and cannot be sued in its own name without recourse to McCracken County Fiscal Court. The Fiscal Court has access to the Corporation's resources, and is legally obligated to finance the debts of or provide financial support to the Corporation. The Corporation is financially accountable to the Fiscal Court. This component unit is blended within the financial statements of the County as the Debt Service Fund.

C. McCracken County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting McCracken County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities, and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These officials are not part of the McCracken County reporting entity.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government—wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. The County has no business-type activities. Fiduciary funds are not included in these financial statements due to the unavailability of fiduciary funds to aid in the support of government programs.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets: 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: l) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to lien and sale the 3rd Saturday in April following the delinquency date.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

Governmental Funds

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck license distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government and payments from other counties for housing prisoners. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Sheriff Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the expenses of the sheriff's department. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and fees and fines collected by the sheriff's department.

Debt Service Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest of the McCracken County Public Properties Corporation.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

The primary government also has the following non-major funds: Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, State Grants Fund, Federal Grants Fund, Juvenile Justice Fund, Transient Room Tax Fund, and Jail Commissary Fund.

Special Revenue Funds:

The Road Fund, Jail Fund, Sheriff Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, State Grants Fund, Federal Grants Fund, Juvenile Justice Fund, and Jail Commissary Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Debt Service Fund:

The Debt Service Fund and Transient Room Tax Fund are presented as debt service funds. Debt service funds are to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds report only those resources held in a trust or custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The county's agency funds are used to account for monies held for custodial purposes only. Unlike other funds, the agency fund reports assets and liabilities only; therefore, it has no measurement focus. The county's agency funds consist of the Jail Inmate Fund, Car Rental Tax Fund, and Unclaimed Monies Fund.

E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Capital Assets (Continued)

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction in Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	-	oitalization hreshold	Useful Life (Years)		
Land Improvements	\$	20,000	20		
Buildings/Building Improvements	\$	20,000	50		
Machinery and Equipment	\$	10,000	10		
Vehicles	\$	10,000	5		
Office Equipment	\$	10,000	5		
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	15-50		

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes, and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer. The State Local Finance Officer does not require formal budgets to be adopted for the Jail Canteen Fund.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

J. Related Organizations, Joint Ventures, and Jointly Governed Organizations

A related organization is an entity for which a primary government is not financially accountable. It does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship, even if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the related organization's governing board. Based on these criteria, the following are considered related organizations of McCracken County Fiscal Court: Paducah-McCracken County Convention Center and Visitors Bureau, McCracken County Extension District, Paducah-McCracken County Joint Sewer Agency, West McCracken Water/Sewer District, Paducah-McCracken County Senior Citizens Center, Hendron Fire District, Concord Fire Protection District, McCracken County Public Library, West McCracken Fire District, Hendron Water District, Lone Oak Fire District, and Reidland-Farley Fire District.

A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual agreement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility. Based upon these criteria, the following are considered to be joint ventures of the McCracken County Fiscal Court:

Paducah-McCracken County 911 – The County entered into an interlocal agreement with the City of Paducah, Kentucky in May of 1991 to administer 911 services for McCracken County, Kentucky. The County is billed monthly for its share of the excess operating costs over revenues, based on the ratio of services inside and outside the city limits. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the County provided \$238,038 to Paducah-McCracken County 911.

McCracken and Paducah Geographic Information System – The County entered into an interlocal agreement with E911 and the City of Paducah, Kentucky in 2004 to share costs of the Geographic Information System operations. The County is billed monthly for its portion of the costs. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the County paid \$20,638 to the McCracken and Paducah Geographic Information System.

Paducah-McCracken County Telecommunications/Information – The County entered into an interlocal agreement with the City of Paducah, Kentucky in May of 1997 to establish a computer network and phone system to be used by both the County and City governments. Fees are charged based on the number of telephone and computer connections utilized by the governments. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the County paid \$33,066 to the Paducah-McCracken County Telecommunications/Information.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J. Related Organizations, Joint Ventures, and Jointly Governed Organizations (Continued)

A regional government or other multi-governmental arrangement that is governed by representatives from each of the governments that created the organization, but that is not a joint venture because the participants do not retain an ongoing financial interest or responsibility is a jointly governed organization. Based upon these criteria, the following are considered jointly governed organizations of McCracken County: Paducah-McCracken County Industrial Development Authority and Greater Paducah Economic Development Council.

Note 2. Deposits

The County maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial Credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of June 30, 2008, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral agreement.

Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2008 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity								
Primary Government:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance					
Governmental Activities:									
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:									
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 1,137,482	\$	\$	\$ 1,137,482					
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	1,137,482			1,137,482					
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:									
Buildings	30,625,651			30,625,651					
Vehicles and Equipment	6,378,495	351,212	(441,417)	6,288,290					
Infrastructure	87,111,026			87,111,026					
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	124,115,172	351,212	(441,417)	124,024,967					
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:									
Buildings	(14,437,763)	(458,845)		(14,896,608)					
Vehicles and Equipment	(3,828,216)	(559,028)	440,983	(3,946,261)					
Infrastructure	(55,306,049)	(2,102,411)		(57,408,460)					
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(73,572,028)	(3,120,284)	440,983	(76,251,329)					
Total Capital Assets, Being									
Depreciated, Net	50,543,144	(2,769,072)	(434)	47,773,638					
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 51,680,626	\$ (2,769,072)	\$ (434)	\$ 48,911,120					

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the government as follows:

Governmental Acti

General Government	\$ 399,746
Protection to Persons and Property	423,612
General Health and Sanitation	10,880
Social Services	10,018
Recreation and Culture	53,769
Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets	 2,222,259
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 3,120,284

Note 4. Long-term Debt

A. First Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004

On September 1, 2004, the County sold McCracken County, Kentucky Public Properties Corporation First Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds, (Courthouse Project), Series 2004 (the Bonds) through the McCracken County, Kentucky Public Properties Corporation. The Bonds originally totaled \$6,025,000 and the proceeds were used for the purpose of (i) refunding \$7,290,000 McCracken County Kentucky Public Properties Corporation Public Project Revenue Bonds (Court Facilities Project) and (ii) pay the costs of issuance of the Bonds, which are dated August 1, 2004, have interest rates of 3.00% to 4.75% and mature beginning in September, 2005 through September, 2026.

The Kentucky Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) has agreed to pay a maximum of \$246,800 annually to the paying agent on behalf of the County as required by a Use and Sublease Agreement between the County and the AOC dated September 1, 2004

Under the terms of the lease agreement, the AOC has agreed to pay annually directly to the Paying Agent for the Bonds approximately 47% of the Net Debt Service, the stated Use Allowance Payment, subject to the constitutional restrictions limiting the commitment of state agencies to the then current biennial period; said amount to be applied only to the principal of and interest on the Bonds so long as the County renews the lease. Under the Lease, the Corporation has pledged and assigned all of its rights under the Lease Agreement to the Trustee in order to secure the Bonds.

The AOC with the execution of the Lease Agreement will have expressed its intention to pay the full Use Allowance Payment in each successive biennial budget period until September 1, 2026. In addition, the current policy of AOC provides for the continuation of one-half of the rental payment as long as AOC occupies said space in the Project, past the maturity of the Bonds. The AOC will covenant that it intends to request funding from the Kentucky General Assembly each biennium and to use the proceeds of such funding and/or its revenues from other sources to pay such Use Allowance Payment each year.

In addition to the Use Allowance Payment, certain expenses attributable to maintaining and operating the building for use by the AOC are paid to the County.

The County has previously defeased The McCracken County Public Properties Corporation Public Project Revenue Bonds, (Court Facilities Project), Series 1995 (prior bonds) by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for the future debt service payments on the prior bonds. In September 2006, the prior year bonds were called and the balance as of June 30, 2008 was \$0.

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

A. First Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004 (Continued)

Bonds began maturing in September 2005. Bond payments are as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
Fiscal Year Ended							
June 30	F	Principal		Interest			
2009	\$	320,000	\$	193,972			
2010		330,000		183,810			
2011		335,000		173,004			
2012		350,000		161,435			
2013		365,000		148,922			
2014-2018		1,745,000		530,618			
2019-2023		955,000		273,469			
2024-2027		705,000		53,701			
Totals	\$	5,105,000	\$	1,718,931			

B. Julian Carroll Convention Center and Four Rivers Center for the Performing Arts

On June 1, 2001, the County issued a note payable to the City of Paducah, Kentucky (City) in the amount of \$4,645,000. The note was authorized for the purpose of financing the County's contributions to the construction of additions and renovations to the Julian Carroll Convention Center and the construction of a new Four Rivers Center for the Performing Arts and for paying necessary expenses incidental to the Projects and the issuance of the City's General Obligation Bonds (the City's Bonds), Series 2001, dated June 1, 2001, in the principal amount of \$9,290,000. The note has interest rates of 3.5% to 5% and interest payments are to be made semi-annually beginning December 1, 2001. Principal payments are to be made annually on June 1 with final payment due June 1, 2026.

Under the provisions of KRS 91A.392, the County is entitled to levy and collect a transient room tax in the amount of 6% for the rent of rooms by motels, motor courts, hotels, inns and similar accommodation businesses for the benefit of the Paducah-McCracken County Tourist and Convention Commission (the Bureau) and the Paducah-McCracken County Convention Corporation (the Corporation). The County has entered into a certain Interlocal Cooperation Compact (the Compact) with the City, the Bureau, and the Corporation pursuant to KRS 65.210 through 65.300 (the Interlocal Cooperation Act). Under the terms of the Compact, the parties have agreed that 33 1/3% of the Room Tax (the Pledged Tax) shall be assigned to the City and pledged to the payment of the City's Bonds. In addition, the Compact provides that the difference between the annual principal and interest requirements of the City's Bonds and the pledged tax shall be borne equally by the County, the City and the Bureau. Therefore, the principal and interest payments due on the Note from the County to the City shall each year be subject to a credit in favor of the County equal to the total of (a) the Pledged Tax, plus (b) 33 1/3% of the Overage to be paid by the Bureau, plus (c) 33 1/3% of the Overage to be paid by the City.

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

B. Julian Carroll Convention Center and Four Rivers Center for the Performing Arts (Continued)

The future note payments shown below are the maximum that would be paid by the County in the event that the room tax levied were to be declared unconstitutional. The future payments are as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal		Inte	erest & Fees			
2009	\$	140,000	\$	181,650			
2010		145,000		176,050			
2011		152,500		169,598			
2012		160,000		162,735			
2013		165,000		155,535			
2014-2018		955,000		655,254			
2019-2023		1,205,000		404,306			
2024-2027		877,500		89,250			
Totals	\$	3,800,000	\$	1,994,378			

C. Speculative Building

On May 1, 2004, the County issued a note payable to the City of Paducah, Kentucky (City) in the amount of \$2,500,000. The note was authorized for the purpose of financing the County's contributions to the acquisition, construction and installation of an approximately 100,000 square foot building to be leased by the City and County to the Paducah McCracken Industrial Development Authority and the issuance of the City's General Obligation Public Project Bonds, Series 2004, dated June 1, 2004, in the principal amount of \$5,000,000. On June 1, 2004, the City of Paducah ("City") and County entered into a lease agreement with the Paducah McCracken County Industrial Development Authority. On September 1, 2004, the Paducah McCracken County Industrial Development Authority entered into an agreement with Infiniti Plastic Technologies, Inc. Infiniti shall be responsible for the payment of the monthly rent installments for the remainder of the Leasee term, which monthly rent installments shall commence on September 1, 2007. The monthly installments equal \$33,816. The note has interest rates of 2.25% to 6% and interest payments are to be made semi-annually beginning December 1, 2004. Principal payments are to be made annually on June 1 with the final payment due on June 1, 2024.

Note 4. Long-term Debt – Notes Payable (Continued)

C. Speculative Building (Continued)

The future payments are as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal		Inte	rest & Fees			
2009	\$	90,000	\$	121,803			
2010		92,500		117,752			
2011		97,500		113,313			
2012		102,500		108,437			
2013		107,500		103,184			
2014-2018		640,000		421,072			
2019-2023		840,000		215,738			
2024-2027		200,000		12,000			
Totals	\$	2,170,000	\$	1,213,299			

D. Riverport Development

On December 7, 2005, the fiscal court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program in the sum of \$400,000 at a 2.245% effective interest rate. The financing obligation is for the purpose of real property development in the Riverport area. The maturity date of the obligation is July 20, 2012. The balance of the obligation at June 30, 2008 was \$300,000. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Governmental Activites						
Fiscal Year Ended							
June 30	F	Principal	Inter	est & Fees			
2009	\$	55,000	\$	9,679			
2010		55,000		7,614			
2011		60,000		5,374			
2012		65,000		2,953			
2013		65,000		232			
Totals	\$	300,000	\$	25,852			

Note 4. Long-term Debt – Notes Payable (Continued)

E. Changes In Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows:

Beginning								Ending	Du	e Within
		Balance	Additions Reductions					Balance	One Year	
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
Revenue Refunding Bonds Notes Payable Financing Obligations	\$	5,415,000 6,192,500 1,088,328	\$		\$	310,000 222,500 788,328	\$	5,105,000 5,970,000 300,000	\$	320,000 230,000 55,000
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$	12,695,828	\$	0	\$	1,320,828	\$	11,375,000	\$	605,000

Note 5. Interest On Long-term Debt and Financing Obligations

Debt Service on the Statement of Activities includes \$43,229 in interest on financing obligations and \$203,422 in interest on bonds.

Note 6. Note Receivables

A. Paducah-McCracken County Riverport Authority

On November 28, 2005, the City of Paducah and McCracken County entered into an Interlocal Cooperative Agreement with the Paducah-McCracken County Riverport Authority (Riverport) to enable Riverport to purchase real property located at 2308 South 4th Street, Paducah, Kentucky for the purpose of economic development along the Ohio and Tennessee Rivers.

In order to accomplish such development, the City and County determined it necessary to provide financing to Riverport to enable Riverport to purchase the property. As part of the original agreement, Riverport was to own the property and maintain it and promote its use for economic development along the river. The City, County, and Riverport were to contribute \$400,000 each toward the purchase price, with Riverport repaying the contributions of the City and County over a fixed term.

On December 17, 2007, the County approved the first amendment to the Interlocal Cooperative Agreement, forgiving \$33,333 of the indebtedness owed by Riverport to the County. The amended debt amount of \$366,667 was to be repaid by one payment of \$46,667 due on or before December 1, 2008, and four successive annual installments of \$80,000 commencing on December 1, 2008, with a like installment payment to be due and payable on the 1st day of December of each successive year, the final installment of principal due on December 1, 2011.

As of June 30, 2008, the Riverport Authority was in compliance with the agreement, with an outstanding balance of \$320,000.

Note 6. Note Receivables (Continued)

B. Greater Paducah Economic Development Council

On September 18, 2007, the City of Paducah and McCracken County entered into a financing agreement with the Greater Paducah Economic Development Council (GPEDC) for the acquisition of property. As part of the agreement, the GPEDC executed and delivered to the County an interest free promissory note in the amount of \$600,000 for one half of the financing. The entire principal amount of the note was due and payable on March 17, 2008, however, the fiscal court voted March 24, 2008, and again on September 22, 2008, to extend the life of the note, making it due on March 1, 2009.

Note 7. Employee Retirement System

The county has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 16.17 percent. Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 33.87 percent.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 8. Deferred Compensation

On November 9, 1982, the McCracken County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate. These deferred compensation plans permit all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 101 Sea Hero Road, Suite 110, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

Note 9. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, McCracken County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 10. Prior Period Adjustments

Beginning net assets of governmental activities and business-type activities have been restated by \$926,427 and \$38,453 respectively as shown below. The beginning balances of the General Fund, Sheriff Fund, and Federal Grants Fund were restated for prior year voided checks. Other adjustments were made to the beginning balances of the General Fund, State Grants Fund, and Federal Grants Fund.

	vernmental Activities	ness-Type ctivities
Beginning net assets at June 30, 2007	\$ 46,355,943	\$ 38,453
Cash balance of Governmental Activities previously		
reported as Business-Type Activities	24,441	(24,441)
Adjustment to beginning cash balance	(9,923)	
Cash balance of Governmental Activities previously		
reported as Fiduciary Fund	134,625	
Prior year voided checks	19,025	
Prior year accounts receivable	(5,663,667)	
Prior year donated land	(336,350)	
Prior year accounts payable	418,257	
Prior year matured interest outstanding	96,116	
Prior year accrued payroll and related expenses	116,864	
Prior year deferred revenue	3,976,707	
Prior year landfill post-closure costs	2,062,500	
Prior year accrued compensated absences	326,134	
Adjustment to increase capital asset beginning		
balance for assets excluded in previous year	13,900	
Adjustment to decrease capital asset beginning		
balance for disposed assets included in the		
previous year	(14,154)	
Adjustment to prior year accumulated depreciation	3,117	
Capital Assets of Governmental Activities previously		
reported as Business-Type Activities	14,012	(14,012)
Adjustment to prior year note receivable balance	295,000	
Adjustment to prior year outstanding bonds	(495,427)	
Adjustment to prior year notes payable balance	(54,750)	
	\$ 47,282,370	\$ 0

Note 11. Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs

The County landfill closed to the public on June 30, 1995. The County must comply with established state and federal landfill closure and post-closure procedures and must perform maintenance and monitoring at the site for thirty years after closure. The 30-year period will begin upon approval from the Commonwealth of Kentucky regarding the environmental condition of the landfill site. As of June 30, 2008, final approval of the closure had not yet been granted. Closure costs for FYE 6-30-08 were \$74,361. In May, 2008, the City of Paducah reimbursed the County \$47,498 for its share of landfill expenses paid from May 2007 through April 2008.

Estimated post-closure care costs total \$4,125,000 or \$125,000 per year plus 10 percent for inflation. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

McCracken County prepares required financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting in accordance with the laws of Kentucky, therefore no liability has been recognized for the closure or post-closure care costs. State and federal laws and regulations require for the fiscal court to provide financial assurance that landfill closure and post-closure care costs are properly funded. In order to meet financial assurance requirements, the Fiscal Court entered into an inter-local agreement with the City of Paducah, Kentucky to share equally the post closure costs. The City of Paducah, Kentucky will reimburse the County annually for its share of closure costs incurred during the fiscal year.

Note 12. Estimated Infrastructure Historical Cost

Historical cost of infrastructure placed in service prior to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 (year of GASB 34 implementation) is an estimate. For those assets, the primary government estimated the year infrastructure was built by determining when a major reconstruction had been done on infrastructure. The estimate was used to calculate the infrastructure historical cost by determining current year construction cost and deflating it back to the estimated year of construction or reconstruction. Infrastructure placed in service during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 and thereafter is recorded at historical cost.

Note 13. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2008 are comprised of the following:

Governmental Activities	Tr	ansfers In	Transfers Out		 Net
General Fund	\$	162,489	\$	6,364,251	\$ (6,201,762)
Road Fund		913,915			913,915
Jail Fund		3,516,967			3,516,967
Sheriff Fund		1,462,806			1,462,806
Debt Service Fund		270,476			270,476
State Grants Fund		45,728		25,434	20,294
Juvenile Justice Fund		154,359			154,359
		_		_	
Total Governmental Funds	\$	6,526,740	\$	6,389,685	\$ 137,055
Fiduciary Funds	-				
Unclaimed Monies Fund	\$		\$	137,055	\$ (137,055)

Note 14. Subsequent Event

February 23, 2009, the McCracken County Fiscal Court (County) approved entering into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) in the amount of \$5,000,000 in order to finance the renovation of the Julian Carroll Convention Center. On that date, the County also entered into an Interlocal Cooperation Agreement with the City of Paducah (City), Kentucky, whereby the City would pay fifty percent of the annual debt service, including costs of issuance, credit enhancers, and similar ancillary costs until the debt is retired.



MCCRACKEN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

MCCRACKEN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

	GENERAL FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES		Ongmai		1 11141		<u> Due le j</u>		(oguer, o)
Taxes	\$	8,968,917	\$	8,968,917	\$	10,855,044	\$	1,886,127
In Lieu Tax Payments		820,000		820,000		1,020,991		200,991
Excess Fees		57,000		57,000		397,371		340,371
Licenses and Permits		364,500		364,500		397,118		32,618
Intergovernmental Revenue		1,362,000		1,362,000		1,180,949		(181,051)
Charges for Services		45,000		45,000		25,093		(19,907)
Miscellaneous		410,000		410,000		699,959		289,959
Interest		220,000		220,000		266,832		46,832
Total Revenues	\$	12,247,417	\$	12,247,417	\$	14,843,357	\$	2,595,940
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		3,237,659		3,769,653		3,460,917		308,736
Protection to Persons and Property		931,968		964,683		820,342		144,341
General Health and Sanitation		291,570		291,570		248,071		43,499
Social Services		65,000		126,076		126,075		1
Recreation and Culture		206,360		207,560		174,142		33,418
Bus Services		62,000		62,000		62,000		22,110
Debt Service		02,000		02,000		388,486		(388,486)
Administration		2,433,456		2,239,247		2,141,517		97,730
Total Expenditures	\$	7,228,013	\$	7,660,789	\$	7,421,550	\$	239,239
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)		5,019,404		4,586,628		7,421,807		2,835,179
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers Out		(7,219,404)		(7,723,112)		(6,364,251)		1,358,861
Transfers In		, , , ,		, , , ,		162,489		162,489
	\$	(7,219,404)	\$	(7,723,112)	\$	(6,201,762)	\$	1,521,350
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(2,200,000)		(3,136,484)		1,220,045		4,356,529
Fund Balance - Beginning		2,200,000		3,303,708		6,589,725		3,286,017

Fund Balance - Ending

0 \$ 167,224 \$ 7,809,770 \$

7,642,546

MCCRACKEN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2008 (Continued)

	ROAD FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES		Original		Final		Dasis)		Negative)
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	1,239,937	\$	1,239,937	\$	1,453,072	\$	213,135
Miscellaneous	Ψ	1,000	Ψ	1,000	Ψ	8,400	Ψ	7,400
Total Revenues	\$	1,240,937	\$	1,240,937	\$	1,461,472	\$	220,535
EXPENDITURES								
Roads		2,696,095		2,199,702		2,008,619		191,083
Debt Service						177,595		(177,595)
Administration		413,540		413,540		369,720		43,820
Total Expenditures	\$	3,109,635	\$	2,613,242	\$	2,555,934	\$	57,308
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,868,698)		(1,372,305)		(1,094,462)		277,843
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		1,868,698		1,868,698		913,915		(954,783)
	\$	1,868,698	\$	1,868,698	\$	913,915	\$	(954,783)
Net Changes in Fund Balance				496,393		(180,547)		(676,940)
Fund Balance - Beginning						180,547		180,547
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	496,393	\$	0	\$	(496,393)

MCCRACKEN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2008 (Continued)

	JAIL FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final	Basis)		(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	1,959,000	\$	1,959,000	\$	2,157,622	\$	198,622
Charges for Services		235,000		235,000		243,350		8,350
Miscellaneous		339,000		339,000		337,255		(1,745)
Total Revenues	\$	2,533,000	\$	2,533,000	\$	2,738,227	\$	205,227
EXPENDITURES								
Protection to Persons and Property		3,920,137		4,680,205		4,496,687		183,518
Debt Service						375,471		(375,471)
Administration		1,394,199		1,396,901		1,385,475		11,426
Total Expenditures	\$	5,314,336	\$	6,077,106	\$	6,257,633	\$	(180,527)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,781,336)		(3,544,106)		(3,519,406)		24,700
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		2,781,336		2,781,336		3,516,967		735,631
	\$	2,781,336	\$	2,781,336	\$	3,516,967	\$	735,631
Net Changes in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning				(762,770)		(2,439) 2,439		760,331 2,439
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	(762,770)	\$	0	\$	762,770

MCCRACKEN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2008 (Continued)

	SHERIFF FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	1,426,000	\$	1,426,000	\$	1,542,643	\$	116,643
Miscellaneous		1,000		1,000		6,378		5,378
Total Revenues	\$	1,427,000	\$	1,427,000	\$	1,549,021	\$	122,021
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		1,952,065		1,987,103		1,965,660		21,443
Administration		1,104,783		1,080,814		1,046,197		34,617
Total Expenditures	\$	3,056,848	\$	3,067,917	\$	3,011,857	\$	56,060
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,629,848)		(1,640,917)		(1,462,836)		178,081
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		4 400 040		4 400 040				4 -= 0.40
Transfers In		1,629,848		1,629,848		1,462,806		(167,042)
		1,629,848	\$	1,629,848	_\$_	1,462,806	\$	(167,042)
Net Changes in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning				(11,069)		(30) 30		11,039 30
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	(11,069)	\$	0	\$	11,069

MCCRACKEN COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2008

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.



MCCRACKEN COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2008

MCCRACKEN COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2008

	LGEA Fund		State Grants Fund		Federal Grants Fund		Jı	venile Istice Fund
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,336	\$	16,296	\$	164,772	\$	
Total Assets		6,336		16,296		164,772		
FUND BALANCES								
Reserved for:								
Encumbrances				14,635				
Unreserved:								
Special Revenue Funds		6,336		1,661		164,772		
Debt Service Fund								
Total Fund Balances	\$	6,336	\$	16,296	\$	164,772	\$	0

MCCRACKEN COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information June 30, 2008 (Continued)

Transient Room Tax Fund		Cor	Jail nmissary Fund	Total Non-Major Funds			
\$	198,596 198,596	\$	28,537 28,537	\$	414,537 414,537		
					14,635		
			28,537		201,306		
	198,596				198,596		
\$	198,596	\$	28,537	\$	414,537		



MCCRACKEN COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

MCCRACKEN COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

	 LGEA Fund	 State Grants Fund	Federal Grants Fund	uvenile Iustice Fund
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$	\$	\$	\$
Intergovernmental	5,653	241,868	245,457	
Miscellaneous				
Interest		 	 	
Total Revenues	 5,653	 241,868	 245,457	
EXPENDITURES				
Protection to Persons and Property			5,525	154,359
Social Services		1,094,468		
Recreation and Culture				
Capital Projects			139,672	
Total Expenditures	 	 1,094,468	145,197	154,359
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other				
Financing Sources (Uses)	 5,653	 (852,600)	 100,260	 (154,359)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers Out		(25,434)		
Transfers In		45,728		154,359
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		20,294		 154,359
Net Change in Fund Balances	5,653	(832,306)	100,260	
Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated)	683	848,602	64,512	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 6,336	\$ 16,296	\$ 164,772	\$ 0

MCCRACKEN COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information For The Year Ended June 30, 2008 (Continued)

					Total
T	ransient		Jail	N	on-Major
R	Room Tax	Con	nmissary	Go	vernmental
	Fund		Fund		Funds
\$	1,557,615	\$		\$	1,557,615
					492,978
			43,220		43,220
	1,248		95		1,343
	1,558,863		43,315		2,095,156
					159,884
			36,198		1,130,666
	1,549,780				1,549,780
					139,672
-	1,549,780		36,198		2,980,002
	9,083		7,117		(884,846)
					(25,434)
					200,087
					174,653
	9,083		7,117		(710,193)
	189,513		21,420		1,124,730
\$	198,596	\$	28,537	\$	414,537



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



The Honorable Van Newberry, McCracken County Judge/Executive Members of the McCracken County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of McCracken County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 2, 2009. McCracken County presents its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered McCracken County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of McCracken County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of McCracken County's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying comments and recommendations as items 2008-01, 2008-02, 2008-03, 2008-04, and 2008-05 to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting:





Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. We consider the significant deficiencies described above to be material weaknesses.

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether McCracken County Fiscal Court's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and which is described in the accompanying comments and recommendations as item: 2008-06.

The McCracken County Judge/Executive's responses and the McCracken County Jailer's responses to the findings identified in our audit are included in the accompanying of comments and recommendations. We did not audit their responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Department for Local Government and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accountants

June 2, 2009

MCCRACKEN COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

MCCRACKEN COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES AND MATERIAL WEAKNESSES:

2008-01 Internal Controls Over Expenditures Should Be Strengthened

Review of internal control procedures, along with audit testing, revealed significant deficiencies in internal controls over expenditures. Our review of expenditures and claims revealed some expenditures were made without a properly executed purchase request. We noted expenditures that were made without documentation of proper approval or supporting documentation and also, credit card charges that were paid twice.

Strong internal controls over expenditures are essential to ensure that all expenditures are properly authorized. They also ensure expenditures are accurately reported in the County's financial statements.

Because of this, we recommend the County strengthen its internal control procedures over expenditures. Recommended controls include: documentation of proper approval including a properly executed purchase request, proper support for expenditures including detailed receipts, and the cancellation of paid invoices. The implementation of such controls will protect the County against any ill-advised purchases as well as assist in accurate financial reporting.

County Judge/Executive Van Newberry's Response: The Finance Office requires all invoices turned over for payment be signed off on by the department heads. This should meet the auditor's recommendation of "properly executed purchase requests".

2008-02 Expenditures Should Be Made In Accordance with the County's Procurement Policy

Audit testing of expenditures revealed expenditures were not being made in accordance with the County's procurement policy. According to the County's procurement standards, procurements should be made by one of the following methods:

- A. Small Purchases Purchases of supplies, equipment, and services, which cost between \$200 and \$10,000 require written estimates but no legal advertisement is required. The County will solicit written responses from at least three vendors. Purchases that cost between \$50 and \$200 require three over-the-telephone quotations of rate, price, etc. For purchases of less than \$50, efforts will be made to the get the lowest and best price.
- B. Competitive Sealed Bids When the cost of a contract, lease, or other agreement for materials, supplies, equipment, or contractual services other than those personal or professional exceeds \$10,000, an invitation for bids (IFB) notice will generally be prepared.
- C. Competitive Negotiations The County will utilize competitive negotiations, regardless of contract amount, upon a written determination that: (a) specifications cannot be made specific enough to permit the award of a bid on the basis of either the lowest bid price or the lowest evaluated bid price, (b) the services to be procured are professional or personal in nature.

MCCRACKEN COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 (Continued)

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES AND MATERIAL WEAKNESSES (Continued):

2008-02 Expenditures Should Be Made In Accordance with the County's Procurement Policy (Continued)

D. Non-competitive Negotiations – Non-competitive negotiations may be used for procurements in excess of \$10,000 when bidding or competitive negotiations are not feasible. The County may purchase goods and services through non-competitive negotiations when it is determined in writing by the Judge Executive that competitive negotiation or bidding is not feasible and that: (a) an emergency exists, which will cause the public harm as a result of the delay caused by following competitive purchasing procedures; (b) the product or service can be obtained only from one source; (c) the contract is for the purchase of perishable items purchased on a weekly or more frequent basis; (d) only one satisfactory proposal is received through competitive negotiations; or (e) the State has authorized the particular type of non-competitive negotiation.

We recommend the County follow the procedures outlined in its procurement standards. Should the Fiscal Court determine it necessary to amend its procurement standards, we recommend changes be made and the County abide by the amended standards.

County Judge/Executive Van Newberry's Response: Future expenditures will follow the procedures outlined in the procurement policy. If necessary the county will amend the policy. The small purchases of expenditures between \$200 and \$10,000 may require attention to enable the departments more flexibility on smaller purchases.

2008-03 <u>McCracken County Fiscal Court Should Strengthen Internal Controls Over The Financial Reporting Of Capital Assets And Infrastructure</u>

Material weaknesses exist over the reporting of capital assets and infrastructure of McCracken County. Capital assets records were incomplete as to county assets, depreciation amounts, accumulated depreciation amounts, and current year disposals.

Strong internal controls over capital assets are necessary to ensure accurate financial reporting as well as protect assets from misappropriation.

In order to strengthen the county's internal controls over capital assets and infrastructure, we recommend the county establish a detailed inventory system. This system should include a detailed description of the asset, an inventory control number or serial number, the date acquired, location, date destroyed or sold as surplus, and a brief description of why the asset was discarded. The inventory of county assets should be updated throughout the year as new assets are purchased. The inventory should also be updated as to annual depreciation and accumulated depreciation amounts and current year disposals. We also recommend the county conduct a physical inspection of the county's assets at the end of each year to make comparisons to the county's list of inventoried assets.

County Judge/Executive Van Newberry's Response: The Finance Office, as recommended by the state auditors, is compiling the financial reporting of capital assets and infrastructure. This is being done with a coordinating effort from department heads and elected officials. The report will be updated annually and physical inspections by all departments will be reported to the Finance Office in order to keep records current.

MCCRACKEN COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 (Continued)

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES AND MATERIAL WEAKNESSES (Continued):

2008-04 The McCracken County Detention Center Had A Lack Of Segregation Of Duties Over Jail Commissary Accounting Functions

During a review of jail operations, we noted a lack of segregation of duties over the jail operations accounting functions and jail commissary accounting functions. The administrative assistant collected receipts for inmate fees, prepared deposits, made deposits, prepared monthly reports, remitted monthly reports and inmate fees to the county treasurer and reconciled the commissary bank account. There were no compensating controls noted to offset this lack of segregation of duties.

Segregation of duties over the collection of receipts, deposit preparation, bank reconciliations, and other accounting functions or the implementation of compensating controls, when needed because the number of staff is limited, is essential for providing protection from asset misappropriation and/or inaccurate financial reporting. Additionally, proper segregation of duties protects employees in the normal course of performing their daily responsibilities.

To adequately protect against the misappropriation of assets, we recommend the Jailer separate the duties of collecting receipts, deposit preparation, bank reconciliations, and other accounting functions. If these duties cannot be separated due to a limited staff, then strong oversight should be provided to the employee or employees responsible for these duties.

County Jailer Bill Adam's Response: All monies are counted by a minimum of two personnel and all accounts are reconciled by two personnel.

2008-05 Internal Controls Over Jail Receipts Should Be Strengthened

Review of internal control procedures, along with audit testing, revealed material weaknesses in internal controls over jail receipts. Our review of jail receipts revealed deposits were not being made on a daily basis. We also noted daily checkout procedures, including accounting for the numerical sequence of receipt forms, were not being utilized.

Strong internal controls over jail receipts are essential to protect assets from misappropriation or fraud. Strong internal controls also facilitate accurate financial reporting as well as protect employees during the normal course of their duties.

Because of this, we recommend the Jailer strengthen its internal control procedures over jail receipts. Recommended controls include making daily deposits and implementing daily checkout procedures, whereby the Jailer or a designee accounts for the numerical sequence of issued receipt forms. The implementation of such controls will not only help protect jail assets but also jail employees.

County Jailer Bill Adam's Response: This control procedure has been implemented.

MCCRACKEN COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 (Continued)

STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS:

2008-06 Expense Allowances Are Prohibited By Statute

On July 16, 2007, the McCracken County Fiscal Court voted to pay each Road Department employee a \$200 boot allowance to be paid on the fourth payday in July. According to state statute, such an expense allowance is not allowable and is expressly prohibited. KRS 64.710 states "No public officer or employee shall receive or be allowed or paid any lump sum expense allowance, or contingent fund for personal or official expense, except where such allowance or fund either is expressly provided for by statute or is specifically appropriated by the General Assembly." We are currently unaware of any statute providing for a boot allowance to county road department employees, or of any specific appropriation by the General Assembly for this purpose. Therefore, such an allowance is prohibited by law and a violation of the state statute. We recommend the County comply with KRS 64.710 by eliminating such allowances.

County Judge Executive Van Newberry's Response: Boot allowance being paid per union contract.

Auditor's Reply: Based on the Judge's response, the county may want to ask the County Attorney to review union contracts for compliance with KRS 64.710. Additionally, the county could consider reimbursing road department employee's actual cost of boot purchases up to \$200 when provided with appropriate supporting documentation.

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

MCCRACKEN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

MCCRACKEN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

The McCracken County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Name

County Judge/Executive

Name

County Treasurer